Benefits of Breastfeeding

Human milk is uniquely suited for human infants



- Human milk is easy to digest and contains all the nutrients that babies need in the early months of life.
- Factors in breast milk protect infants from a wide variety of illnesses.
- Fatty acids, unique to human milk, may play a role in infant brain and visual development.
- In several large studies, children who had been breastfed had a small advantage over those who have not been breastfed when given a variety of cognitive and neurological tests, including measures of IQ.

Breastfeeding saves lives

- Lack of breastfeeding is a risk factor for sudden infant death syndrome (SLDS).
- Human milk may protect premature infants from life-threatening gastrointestinal disease.

Breastfed infants are healthier

- Infants who are exclusively breastfed for at least 4 months, are half as likely as infants who are not breastfed to have ear infections in the first year of life.
- Breastfeeding reduces the incidence, and lessens the severity of a large number of bacterial infections, including meningitis.
- Breastfeeding protects against a variety of illnesses, such as diarrhea and infant botulism.
- Evidence suggests that exclusive breastfeeding for at least two months protects susceptible children from Type I insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (DDM).
- Breastfeeding may reduce the risk for subsequent inflammatory bowel disease, multiple sclerosis and childhood lymphoma.

Breastfeeding helps mothers recover from childbirth

- Breastfeeding helps the uterus to shrink to its pre-pregnancy state and reduces the amount of blood lost after delivery.
- Mothers who breastfeed for at least 3 months may lose more weight than mothers who do not breastfeed.
- Breastfeeding mothers usually resume their menstrual cycles 20 to 30 weeks later than mothers who do not breastfeed.



Breastfeeding keeps women healthier throughout their lives

- Breastfeeding can help in child spacing among women who do not use contraceptives (The Lactation Amenorrhea Method).
- Breastfeeding reduces the risk of breast and ovarian cancer.
- Breastfeeding may reduce the risk of osteoporosis.
- During lactation, total cholesterol, LDL cholesterol, and triglyceride levels decline while the beneficial HDL cholesterol level remains high.

Breastfeeding is economical

- The cost of infant formula has increased 150 percent since the 1980's.
- Breastfeeding reduces health care costs.



Breastfeeding is environmentally sound



- Unlike infant formula, breastfeeding requires no fossil fuels for its manufacture or preparation.
- Breastfeeding reduces pollutants created as by-products during the manufacture of plastics for bottles and metal for cans to contain infant formula.

Breastfeeding reduces the burden on our landfills, as there are no cans to throw away.



Women, Infants, and Children Supplemental Nutrition Program
Call Toll-Free:
1-888-WIC WORKS
Or Check Our Web Site:
www.wicworks.ca.gov

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